Intermediate Part First (New Scheme)

PHYSICS

(Subjective)

GROUP - II

Roll No.

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Time: 02:40 Hours

Marks: 68

SECTION – 1

2. Write short answers to any EIGHT parts. 16 Write the dimensions of pressure and density. (ii) Differentiate between precise and accurate measurement. (iii) Can the magnitude of a vector have negative value? Explain. (iv) Can you add zero to a null vector? Explain. Determine the direction of $\tilde{A} = -3i - 8j$ with positive x-axis. An object has one joule of potential energy. Explain what does it mean? (vii) What do you mean by aquifer? (viii) Explain the difference between laminar flow and turbulent flow. (ix) How an aeroplane is lifted upward? (x) Can we realize an ideal simple pendulum? Explain. (xi) Does frequency depend on amplitude for harmonic oscillators? (xii) A spring of spring constant 'k' is cut into two equal lengths then what will be the spring constant for each part? Explain. 3. Write short answers to any EIGHT parts. 16 Show that impulse and momentum have same units. An object is thrown vertically upward. Discuss the sign of acceleration due to gravity, relative to velocity while (ii) (iii) Explain the conditions in which velocity v and acceleration a of a car are perpendicular to each other. (iv) Define ballistic missile and ballistic trajectory. Show that 1 rad - 57.3: (vi) What is meant by moment of inertia? Explain its significance. (vii) Describe what should be the minimum velocity for a satellite to orbit close to the earth around it. (viii) How artificial gravity is produced in the artificial satellite? Explain. (ix) How are beats useful in tuning a musical instrument? Explain. (x) Why sound travels faster in solids than in gasses? (xi) Define electromagnetic waves. Give example. (xii) Is it possible for two identical waves travelling in same direction along a string to give rise to stationary waves? Explain. 4. Write short answers to any SIX parts. 12 Give the two parts of Huygen's principle. (ii) Under what conditions two or more sources of light behave as coherent sources? (iii) How would you distinguish between un-polarized and plane-polarized lights? (iv) What is resolving power of an optical instrument? Give its formula. Why would it be advantageous to use blue light with a compound microscope? (vi) Derive Charles' law from the kinetic molecular theory of gasses. (vii) Why does the pressure of a gas in a car tyre increase when it is driven through some distance? (viii) Can the mechanical energy be converted completely into heat energy? If so give an example, (ix) Does entropy of a system increase or decrease due to friction? Briefly explain using formula for change in entropy. SECTION - II Attempt any THREE questions. Each question carries 08 marks. 5. (a) What is meant by dimensions of physical quantities? How can you derive formula for the time period of simple pendulum using dimensional analysis? 05 (b) Estimate the average speed of nitrogen molecules in air under stand temperature. 03 6. (a) State and prove law of conservation of momentum. 05 (b) Two particles are located at $\hat{r}_i = 3i - 7j$ and $\hat{r}_i = -2i + 3j$ respectively. Find both the magnitude of the vector $(\hat{r}_2 + \hat{r}_1)$ and its orientation with respect to the x-axis. 03 7. (a) What are stationary waves? Discuss the stationary waves in air column with (i) both ends open (ii) one end open. 01.04 (b) How large a force is required to accelerate an electron (m=9.1×10⁻³¹kg) from rest to a speed of 2.0 \cdot 107 ms⁻¹ through a distance of 5.0cm? 03 8. (a) Derive a relation for the frequency of a rotating spaceship to achieve the artificial gravity equal to Catholic Carto 115 10. A bases of mass 4kg is dropped from a field? The Stim on to a spring of spring constant x # 1990 - 5 m Find the maximum distance traveler, which the spring will be compressed : 15 9 (a) What is diffraction grating? Derive grating eduction for finding the wave ength of light used . . 5

the An astronomical telescope having magnity my tension of 5 consists of two thin lenses 34cm apart

find the facal lengths of the lenses