(INTERMEDIATE PART-I) 319 Chemistry (New Scheme) SUBJECTIVE Time: 2:40 Hours

Group: I

Note: Section I is compulsory. Attempt any THREE (3) questions from Section II.

(SECTION - I)

Write short answers to any EIGHT questions.

 $(2 \times 8 = 16)$

Paper: I

Marks: 68

- Why most of the elements have fractional atomic mass? i.
- Differentiate between "Molecular Formula" and "Empirical Formula". ii.
- Why 80 g of glucose and 342 g of suscrose have same number of molecules but different iii. number of atoms?
- Write down four properties of best solvent choosen for crystallization. IV.
- Differentiate between adsorption and partition chromatography. V.
- Define critical temperature and critical pressure. vi.
- Calculate the S.I units of 'R'. VII.
- viii. Define plasma. How it is formed?
- Why gases show Non-Ideal behavior at low temperature and high pressure? ix.
- Write two differences between Ideal and Non-Ideal solutions. X.
- Define Heat of solution. Give example. xi.
- Why aqueous solution of CH3COONa is basic? xii.

3. Write short answers to any EIGHT questions.

 $(2 \times 8 = 16)$

- Define vapour pressure. Name the factors which affect vapour pressure. i.
- · What are dipole-dipole forces. Name the properties which are affected by these forces. ii.
- Define Anisotropy and Allotropy. iii.
- Boiling point of water is high as compared to boiling point of ether. Why? iv.
- State Moseley's Law. Give its two importances. ٧.
- Justify that the distance gaps between different orbits go on increasing from the lower to the vi. higher orbits.
- Why are positive rays called canal rays? vii.
- viii. Draw shapes of 'S' and 'P' orbitals.
- Define common ion effect giving an example. ix.
- State law of Mass Action. х.
- Define order of reaction. Give an example of pseudo first order reaction. xi.
- Write two properties of enzyme catalysis. xii.

4. Write short answers to any SIX questions.

 $(2 \times 6 = 12)$

- Define octet rule. Give two examples. i.
- Atomic Radii increase in group and decrease in period, explain it. ii.
- Cationic radius is smaller than parent atom, give reason. iii.
- How electronegativity is used to find nature of chemical bond. iv.
- Define exothermic reaction. Give two examples. ٧.
- Define Spontaneous process. Give two examples. vi.
- Find oxidation number of "Mn in KMnO4" vii.
- viii. Explain electrolysis of fused PbCl2.
- ix. Write the function of salt bridge in Galvanic cell.

(Turn Over)