		ed: 2.40 hours
	. SECTION – I	
2. Wı	rite short answers to any EIGHT (8) questions :	16
(i)	What are molecular ions, give two examples?	
(ii)	Define stoichiometry.	
(iii)	What is importance of limiting reactant?	
(iv)	Why is sintered glass crucible superior than Gooch Crucible?	
(v)	What is solvent extraction?	
(vi)	Write quantitative statement of Charles's law.	
(vii)	Differentiate between quantitative and qualitative analysis.	
(viii)	What is compressibility factor, write its value for an ideal gas?	
(ix)	Write two characteristics of plasma.	
(x)	Differentiate between equilibrium constant " K_c " and chemical equilibrium.	
(xi)	Derive expression of K_c for $NH_3(g)$ synthesis by Hyber process.	
(xii)	Define pH and pOH.	
3. Wr	ite short answers to any EIGHT (8) questions :	16
(i)	Ionic crystals are highly brittle. Explain with reason.	
(ii)	HF is the weakest acid among all halogen acids. Why?	
(iii)	Differentiate between crystalline and amorphous solids.	
(iv)	Evaporation takes place at all temperatures. Explain with reason.	
(v)	How neutron decays? Give reaction.	
(vi)	What is atomic emission spectrum? Explain.	
(vii)	Give importance of Moseley's law. (Any two)	
(viii)	State $(n + l)$ rule. Give its importance.	
(ix)	What do you mean by the term activation of a catalyst? Give example.	
(x)	Define order of reaction by giving example.	
(xi)	What do you mean by water of crystallization? Give two examples.	
(xii)	Define mole fraction in solutions by giving one example.	
4. Wri	ite short answers to any SIX (6) questions :	12
(i)	Bond distance is a compromised distance between two atoms. Justify the staten	ient.
(ii)	Sketch the hybrid orbitals of : (i) $PC\ell_3$ (ii) NH_4^+	
		(Turn Over)

(2)4. (iii) Define bond energy. What are factors influencing bond energy? (iv) Why is sigma (σ) bond stronger than pi (π) bond? (v) Define lattice energy. Give one example. (vi) How do you determine ΔH for food and fuel in laboratory? (vii) Define Hess's law of constant heat summation. (viii) Na & K can displace hydrogen from acids but Pt, Pd and Cu can not. Why? (ix) Give the reactions taking place in silver oxide battery. SECTION - II Note: Attempt any THREE questions. 5. (a) Explain evidence of atom in detail. 4 (b) Define metallic solids. Discuss metallic solids in terms of electron gas theory and 1.3 molecular orbital theory. 6. (a) What pressure is exerted by a mixture of 2.00 g of H_2 and 8.00 g of N_2 at 273 K in a 10 dm³ vessel? 4 4 (b) Explain J.J Thomson's experiment for determination e/m value of electron. 7. (a) Define hybridization. Explain sp hybridization by taking example of ethyne. 1,3 (b) Calculate the pH of a buffer solution in which 0.11 molar CH₃COONa and 0.09 molar acetic acid solution are present K_a for CH_3COOH is 1.85×10^{-5} . 4 2,2 8. (a) Define the following with suitable example: (i) Enthalpy of neutralization. (ii) Enthalpy of formation.

(b) Define oxidation number. Also write rules for assigning oxidation number.

(b) Differentiate between homogeneous catalysis and heterogeneous catalysis with one

9. (a) How boiling point elevation is measured by Landsberger's method?

example of each.

1,3

4

2,2

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