

## (Academic Sessions 2015 – 2017 to 2017 – 2019)

## PHYSICS

## Q.PAPER – II ( Objective Type )

219-(INTER PART – II)

GROUP – I

Time Allowed : 20 Minutes

Maximum Marks : 17

PAPER CODE = 8477

Note : Four possible answers A, B, C and D to each question are given. The choice which you think is correct, fill that circle in front of that question with Marker or Pen ink in the answer-book. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in zero mark in that question.

1-1	The energy of photon is given by :			
	(A) $\frac{1}{2}mv^2$	(B) $v_o e$	(C) $m_o c^2$	(D) $hf$
2	The sum of negative and positive peak values is :			
	(A) Average value	(B) rms value	(C) Peak value	(D) p-p value
3	The unit of $\bar{E}$ is $NC^{-1}$ and that of $\bar{B}$ is $NA^{-1} m^{-1}$ then the unit of $\frac{\bar{E}}{\bar{B}}$ is :			
	(A) $ms^{-2}$	(B) $m^{-1}s^{-1}$	(C) $ms$	(D) $ms^{-1}$
4	The common emitter current amplification factor $\beta$ is given by :			
	(A) $\frac{I_C}{I_E}$	(B) $\frac{I_C}{I_B}$	(C) $\frac{I_E}{I_B}$	(D) $\frac{I_B}{I_C}$
5	Resistance in choke is :			
	(A) Large	(B) Very small	(C) Zero	(D) Infinite
6	Sec/Ohm is equal to :			
	(A) Farad	(B) Coulomb	(C) Joule	(D) Ampere
7	Number of neutrons in $^{235}_{92}U$ :			
	(A) 92	(B) 235	(C) 143	(D) 327
8	Commutators are used in :			
	(A) D.C. generators	(B) A.C. generators	(C) A.C. motor	(D) A.C. rotator
9	The factor $\frac{h}{m_o c}$ in Compton equation has the dimension of :			
	(A) Pressure	(B) Length	(C) Mass	(D) Momentum
10	If a charged body is moved against the electric field, it will gain :			
	(A) P.E.	(B) K.E.	(C) Mechanical energy	(D) Electrical potential energy
11	In p-type substances, the majority charge carriers are :			
	(A) Electrons	(B) Protons	(C) Holes	(D) Neutrons
12	When a wire of resistance $R$ is cut into two equal parts then resistance of each wire is :			
	(A) Double	(B) Half	(C) Remain same	(D) One forth
13	Energy of the 4 <sup>th</sup> orbit in hydrogen atom is :			
	(A) -2.51 eV	(B) -3.50 eV	(C) -13.6 eV	(D) -0.85 eV
14	The gain of non-inverting amplifier is :			
	(A) $1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1}$	(B) $1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2}$	(C) $\frac{-R_2}{R_1}$	(D) $\frac{-R_1}{R_2}$
15	X-rays are the electromagnetic radiations having the wavelength in range :			
	(A) $10^{-12} m$	(B) $10^{-10} m$	(C) $10^{-8} m$	(D) $10^{-6} m$
16	To construct a step up transformer :			
	(A) $N_s > N_p$	(B) $N_s < N_p$	(C) $N_s = N_p$	(D) $N_s N_p = 1$
17	The magnetic force is simply a :			
	(A) Reflecting force	(B) Restoring force		
	(C) Deflecting force	(D) Gravitational force		